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Product Catalogue Number FP208 For Research Use Only – RUO

DEKNUP214 Gene Fusion Probe Detection Kit

[Product Name] DEK/NUP214 Gene Fusion Probe Detection Kit (Fluorescence In-Situ Hybridization Method).

[Product Introduction]

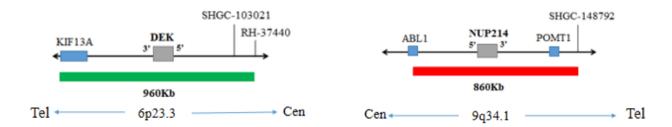
The kit uses orange fluorescein-labeled NUP214 probe and green fluorescein-labeled DEK probe to bind DEK/NUP214 probe to the target detection site by in situ hybridization.

[Product Composition]

The kit consists of DEK/NUP214 color probe as shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Kit composition

Component name	Specifications	Quantity	Main components
DEK/NUP214 dual color probe	100μL/Tube	1	NUP214 Orange probe, DEK Green probe



[Storage conditions & Validity]

Keep sealed away from light at -20°C± 5°C. The product is valid for 12 months. Avoid unnecessary repeated freezing and thawing that should not exceed 10 times. After opening, within 24 hours for short-term preservation, keep sealed at 2-8°C in dark. For long-term preservation after opening, keep the lid sealed at -20°C± 5°C away from light.

[Applicable Instruments]

1. Fluorescence microscopy imaging system includes fluorescence microscope and filter sets. The kit is labeled with orange fluorescein, and the filter set compatible with the fluorescent labeled dye should be selected.

DAPI: The maximum excitation wavelength is 367nm and the maximum emission wavelength is 452nm.

Orange fluorescence: The maximum excitation wavelength is 547nm and the maximum emission wavelength is 565nm.

Green fluorescence: The maximum excitation wavelength is 495nm and the maximum emission wavelength is 517nm.

[Sample Requirements]

- 1. Applicable specimen type: fresh bone marrow specimen without fixation (stored at 2-8 °C for no more than 24 hours).
- 2. Sample collection: take 1-3ml heparin sodium anticoagulant bone marrow cell samples
- 3. Sample preservation: after fixation, the cell suspension was stored at -20±5°C for no more than 12 months; the prepared cell slides could be stored at -20±5°C for no more than 1 month. When the storage temperature of the sample is too high or too low, when the cell suspension is too volatile or polluted, the sample can not be used for detection.

[Related Reagents]

1 20×SSC, pH 5.3±0.2

Weigh 176g of sodium chloride and 88g of sodium citrate, dissolve in 800mL of deionized water, adjust the pH to 5.3±0.2 at room temperature, and complete to 1 L with deionized water. High-pressure steam sterilization, stored at 2-8°C, the solution shelf life is of 6 months. Discard if the reagent appears cloudy (turbid) or contaminated.



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2 2×SSC, pH 7.0±0.2

Take 100mL of the above 20xSSC, dilute with 800mL deionized water, mix, adjust the pH to 7.0±0.2 at room temperature, complete to 1L with deionized water, stored at 2-8°C, the shelf life is of 6 months. Discard if the reagent appears cloudy (turbid) or contaminated.

(3) Ethanol Solution: 70% ethanol, 85% ethanol

Dilute 700ml, 850ml of ethanol with deionized water to 1L. The shelf life is of 6 months. Discard if the reagent appears cloudy (turbid) or contaminated.

4 0.3% NP-40/0.4xSSC solution, pH 7.0-7.5

Take 0.6mL NP-40 and 4mL 20×SSC, add 150mL deionized water, mix, adjust the pH to 7.0-7.5 at room temperature, with deionized water complete to a volume of 200mL. Stored at 2-8°C, the shelf life is of 6 months. Discard if the reagent appears cloudy (turbid) or contaminated.

(5) Fixation solution (methanol: glacial acetic acid = 3:1)

Prepare a ready to use fixation solution by mixing thoroughly 30ml of methanol and 10ml of glacial acetic acid.

6 0.075M KCl solution

Weigh 2.8g of potassium chloride, dissolve in 400mL of deionized water and complete to 500mL with deionized water. Stored at room temperature, the solution shelf life is of 6 months. Discard if the reagent appears cloudy (turbid) or contaminated.

7) Diamidinyl phenylindole (DAPI) counterstain

Use commercially available anti-quenching DAPI counterstain.

[Instructions]

1. Sample pretreatment of hybridization

Sample collection: Take 1-3ml of heparin sodium anticoagulant bone marrow cells.

Cell harvesting: Suck the uncultured bone marrow cells or the cultured bone marrow cell samples into a 15ml tip bottom centrifuge tube, centrifugate 500g for 5min, carefully suck and discard the supernatant, and leave about 500µl residual liquid to suspend the cells again.

Cell washing: Add 5ml of 1×PBS buffer solution, blow and mix up the heavy suspension cell precipitation, centrifugate 500g for 5min, carefully suck and discard the supernatant, and leave about 500µl of residual solution to heavy suspension cell; repeat once.

Cell hypotonic: Add 10ml of hypotonic solution to each tube (37°C warm bath in advance), and water bath at 37 °C hypotonic for 20min. **Cell pre fixation:** Add 1ml (10% volume) of fixed solution to the cell suspension after hypotonic treatment, gently blow and mix, centrifugate 500g immediately for 5min, remove the supernatant, and leave about 500µl of residual solution for cell suspension.

Cell fixation: Slowly add 10ml of the fixed solution to the cell suspension, leave it at room temperature for 10min to fix the cell, centrifugate 500g for 5min, and leave about 500µl of the residual solution to re suspend the cell; repeat once (or fix the cell several times until the cell is precipitated, washed and cleaned).

Preparation of cell suspension: After the last centrifugation of cell fixation, the supernatant is sucked off, and a proper amount of fixed solution is added to make cell suspension with appropriate concentration.

Preparation: Take 3-10μl cell suspension drop to slide, aging at 56°C for 0.5h.

2. Slide pretreatment procedure

Pretreatment: the slides were rinsed twice in 2×SSC solution at room temperature for 5min each time.

Dehydration: the cell drops were placed in 70% ethanol, 85% ethanol and 100% ethanol for 2 minutes respectively and then dried naturally.

3. Denaturation and Hybridization

The following operations should be performed in a darkroom.

- (1) Take out the probe put at room temperature for 5min. Mix and centrifuge briefly. Take 10µl droplet in the cell and drop in the hybridization zone, immediately cover 22mmx22mm glass slide area; spread evenly without bubbles the probe under the glass slide covered area and seal edges with rubber (edge sealing must be thorough to prevent dry film from affecting the test results during hybridization).
- (2) Place the glass slides in the hybridization instrument, denature at 88°C for 2 minutes (the hybridizer should be preheated to 88°C) and hybridize at 45°C for 2-16 hours.

4. Washing

The following operations should be performed in a darkroom.

- ① Take out the hybridized glass slides, remove the rubber on the coverslip and immediately immerse the slides in a 2xSSC solution for 5 seconds and remove the coverslip.
- (2) Place the slides in a 2×SSC at room temperature for 1 min.
- (3) Take out the slides and immerse in a preheated at 68°C 0.3% NP-40/0.4xSSC solution and wash for 2min.
- (4) Remove the slides and immerse in a 37°C preheated deionized water, wash for 1min and dry the slides naturally in the dark.



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5. Dyeing

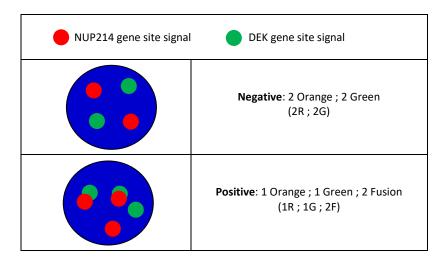
The following operations should be performed in a darkroom

10µl DAPI compound dye is dropped in the hybridization area of the glass slide and immediately covered. The suitable filter is selected for glass slide observation under the fluorescence microscope.

6. FISH results observation

Place the stained sections under a fluorescence microscope and the cells area is first confirmed under a low magnification objective (10x); under magnification objective (40x) a uniform cells distribution is observed; then the nucleus size uniformity, nuclear boundary integrity, DAPI staining uniformity, no nuclei overlapping, cells clear signal are observed in the high magnification objective (60x, 100x).

[Common Signal Type Interpretation]



[Precautions]

- 1. This product is for research use only.
- 2. Please read this manual carefully before testing. The testing personnel should undergo professional technical training. The signal counter personnel must be able to observe and distinguish the orange-red and green signals.
- 3. The test will not provide any results when testing clinical samples it is difficult to count the hybridization signal and the sample is not enough to repeat the test, or the amount of cells is not enough for analysis.
- 4. The DAPI counterstaining agent used in this experiment is potentially toxic or carcinogenic. It must be operated in a fume hood. Inhalation and direct contact should be avoid by wearing the appropriate masks and gloves.
- 5. All chemicals are potentially dangerous. Avoid direct contact and wastes should be disposed off properly.



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